

DAHLGREN CALLED IN COLTON CASE

Subjected to Severe Examination by Contestant's Attorneys.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., Nov. 28.—John B. Dahlgren, of Washington, D. C., named as co-defendant in the fight for division of the \$100,000 estate of the late Ellen M. Colton, formerly of this city, instituted by Helen Beatrice Sacher, the six-year-old granddaughter of the dead woman, on being called for cross-examination before Judge Smith, of the probate court, was subjected to a severe cross-fire of questions in an attempt on the part of the contestant's attorneys to show that undue influence was exerted over Mrs. Colton in procuring her signature to a will at a time when it is declared the aged woman was suffering from senile debility and was of unsound mind.

Ordeal Lasted Two Hours.

Questions concerning Mr. Dahlgren's relations to the Colton family before the death of Mrs. Colton were asked, and his connection with the preparation of the will was also inquired into.

After a two-hour ordeal Mr. Dahlgren was excused, to be examined again on Monday.

The presence of little Helen Sacher in the court room has created a good impression with the jury. The petite child, who is said to have been Mrs. Colton's favorite during her life, with her father, Siegfried Sacher, is a daily visitor at the trial, and for a child of her tender years takes remarkable interest in the proceedings.

BENNING ENTRIES FOR TOMORROW

First race—Highweight Handicap; two-year-olds and up; six furlongs; Old course, Zienas, 117; Oraculum, 114; Pater, 112; Workman, 112; Belle Strome, 110; Blouise, 107; Lady Vera, 106; Yorkist, 102; Sally K., 102; Temmerale, 101; Lee Harrison, 99; Nattie Bump, 98; Otis Dobbie, 97; Billy Hand, 95; Old Colony, 94; Coleridge, 94; Snow King, 90; Listless, 88; Lone Hand, 88.

Second race—Handicap; two-year-olds; six and one-half furlongs; Columbia course, Oraculum, 122; Orphan Lad, 120; Polcast, 118; Lord Boanerges, 115; Yorkist, 112; Sally K., 112; Malacca, 111; Temmerale, 111; Lee Harrison, 110; Old Colony, 104; Coleridge, 104; Betsy Blanford, 95; Umbrella, 90.

Third race—Autumn Amateur Cup; three-year-olds and up; six furlongs; Columbia course, Billy Hand, 140; Niblick, 140; Lord Boanerges, 135; Yorkist, 132; Sally K., 132; Malacca, 131; Temmerale, 131; Lee Harrison, 130; Old Colony, 124; Coleridge, 124; Betsy Blanford, 120; Blue Pigeon, 140; Ava, 135.

Fourth race—Maiden three-year-olds and up; one mile; Columbia course, Buzzy, 127; Nobless Oblige, 126; How About You, 98; Carmagnole, 98; Cloisteress, 95; Waterbearer, 95; Josie Hampton, 95; Bob Edgren, 95; Marster, 95.

Fifth race—Handicap; three-year-olds and up; one mile; Columbia course, Pretension, 125; Awamtoer, 119; Cedar-strom, 109; other admirers, 98; Reddors, 95; Dixie Andrews, 81.

Sixth race—Three-year-olds and up; one mile and an eighth; Old course, Lord of the Vale, 131; Coronel, 131; Cedar-strom, 131; Blue Buck, 108; Sonoma Belle, 108; Solon Shingle, 108; Midas, 103; Nonsense, 103; Pater, 100; Nellie Burn, 100.

Weather clear; track fast.

POLLOCK DENIES HE AIDED FAILURE TO PROSECUTE

George F. Pollock, Assistant Commissioner of the General Land Office, says that certain statements in the morning papers reflecting upon his conduct, with regard to Union Pacific lands in Wyoming, are absolutely untrue. He says most emphatically that he has never personally or officially, by direction or suggestion, expressed or implied, nor by any act of commission or intended omission, aided or countenanced a failure to prosecute, or the suppression of any prosecution of the investigation referred to.

Mr. Pollock characterizes the statement that he advised Mr. Meyendorff to destroy the affidavits alleged to be willfully false. He affirms that he never saw and was never informed of any affidavits which did not in due and regular course become and remain part of the records of the office; that he gave Meyendorff no instructions whatever in regard to the investigation, except as expressed in official letters which are on file and record in the Land Office. No other action, however, was necessary, as the well established rules of the office instructed him fully as to his duty.

URNS IN FALSE ALARM, COLORED BOY ARRESTED

Charged with turning a false alarm of fire, George Dwyer, colored, was arrested at Substation A, Anacostia, today and held for trial. Draper, according to the police, appeared early this morning at the station and reported a fire to be burning in two dwellings at Buena Vista Heights. Engine Company No. 15, with reserves from Station A, responded, but the alarm proved to be false.

COFFEE SLAVES

Thousands of Persons Don't Know Why They Are Miserable.

Most of our troubles come from what we eat and drink.

Even bad habits seem to become more respectable with age. The coffee habit has an ancient pedigree, but it is none the less disastrous to many.

"During the five years before I was married," writes a Calif. school teacher, "I became a slave to coffee."

"I became a nervous wreck, and my stomach was almost ruined. My food would not digest, I suffered great pain after eating, and could not sleep an entire night through. My whole system seemed to be poisoned."

"After my marriage I still used coffee and steadily grew worse. About 8 years ago my father, who had been at a sanitarium where they used Postum food coffee, spoke so often and in such glowing terms of it, my husband and I decided to try it. I have been gradually but surely cured by its use and never felt so well in my life."

"We still use Postum, giving it to our two little boys, who always beg for it, and we think the day's wrongly begun without it for breakfast."

"Am able to eat anything I like and can sleep soundly all the night through." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the book, "The Road to Wellville," in plugs. "There's a reason."

BURDEN OF FAMILY EXPENSES HEAVIER AS NATION'S PROSPERITY INCREASES



Investigation to Prove Actual Cost of Living

Test to Be Made in Principal Cities of the Country. Householder Pays \$1.50 For What Cost Him \$1 Four Years Ago.

An investigation is about to be made throughout the principal cities of the United States, as to the actual cost of living to a family and with a view to determining upon a wage scale and legislation putting it into effect.

The pending investigation is the result of a recent meeting in Rochester, N. Y., of the State Conference of Charities and Correction, at which this subject came up for lengthy discussion.

To get an idea of the actual cost of living for a family of husband, wife, and four children, five social workers of New York made up an estimate which came to a little more than \$900. The question was submitted to sixteen of the best known social workers in New York, who sent in their own estimates with an average of \$942.

When the question of the actual cost of living is brought up, it is difficult to reconcile the prices of individual articles and the aggregate cost of each day's living. Tables show that today it costs \$1.50 to buy what could be purchased for \$1 four years ago.

Adverse Prosperity.

One cause for the rise in prices of food and clothing is given as the wave of prosperity which has swept over the country. Nothing sends prices booming so quickly or effectively as prosperity. It is said, and today the workman may boast of a better home, better things to eat and better clothes to wear than in the old days. It costs him much more than it did then, but now he has his means.

This, however, is only one and a peculiar cause. But the fact remains that for apparently little or no cause prices of the ordinary food materials are rising soaring, and one is brought to the realization that it takes practically every cent brought into the average household to keep the family in food and clothing.

When compared with the cost of things four years ago, the result is startling in the extreme. Then one paid 10 cents for pork chops. Today they are bringing 20 cents. Eggs could be had, even when they were supposed to be scarce, for 30 cents a dozen, but now the dealers will tell you that 40 cents comes nearer the sale price. Butter is today selling for 38 cents, where, four years ago, it brought but 30, and of particular interest at this time is the fact that turkeys, which are bringing anywhere from 22 to 25 cents a pound, could be bought for the 1902 Thanksgiving dinner for 20 cents.

Upward Leap of Potatoes.

Potatoes have jumped 8 cents in price since that time, and beans, which used to be sold for 18 cents a half-peck, now are being handed over the counter for something like 40 cents. One consolation is that flour, the most essential of all foodstuffs, has gone up in price only a comparatively small figure. The barrel is now \$5.25, an increase of 25 cents from four years ago. Ham that used to be 10 cents a pound is now bringing 35; lamb chops in 1902 brought 18 cents, and butchers now are asking 25 and 30 cents for them.

In the matter of food, it seems that nothing seems to have been overlooked in the advance of price, for even the fish market has been affected. Mackerel, that four years ago sold for 20 cents a pound, today is being sold for

the rent unless it is in following the example of others to get in line with the general prosperity victims. Taxes have not increased in any great extent in the past few years, yet season after season rents go higher, and it is next to impossible to get a small house at anything like the rates that obtained four years ago.

So that hire is another thing that is troubling the housekeeper, and him who pays the bills. Not only is it impossible to get a servant at the wages paid some years ago, but domestics do not begin to do the work of the house, and demand twice, and sometimes three times, as much money as of old.

Books Would Shock Housewives.

In Washington conditions of living have so changed in the past four years that should a housewife consult her books of that time and those of today she would be amazed to learn the extra expenses that have accrued during that time. Formerly, it was not only possible for a family to live comfortably on \$50 a year, but frequently, when the family was small, there was a little nest egg at the end of the year.

That condition not only no longer prevails, but life is a struggle for one time a young man could make his salary go a much longer way for even two people now must have at least \$1,200 a year in sight before they conclude it is safe to start out on the matrimonial sea.

So the continued increase in prices is affecting even the game of little Dan Cund, and often he finds it hard to overcome the difficulties. Bread and cheese and "kisses" are not such a desirable dish as in the olden times, and it is lobster a la Newburg for the girl of today.

Diaries

We call special attention to our line of Holiday Diaries for 1907. All styles, rich effects. You buy of us at wholesale price. Drop in and look the new designs over.

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ASK \$3,380 FROM CITIZENS TO DRIVE OUT CONSUMPTION

The financial canvass now being conducted by the committee on prevention of consumption and improvement of housing conditions, jointly, should attract general attention and careful consideration.

The citizens of Washington are being asked to contribute \$3,380 for the prevention and gradual elimination of consumption, the "Great White Plague," which every day causes a money loss alone in Washington of \$6,000, estimated on the basis of \$1 a day for loss of wage and \$1 a day for care and attention for each of the 3,800 sufferers.

The citizens of Washington are asked to subscribe \$1.70 to continue the campaign for sanitary living conditions for the least resourceful people of this city, to help in solving the alley problem, in

reducing the number of plague spots which many of the alley houses soon become, and in co-operating with the Commissioners in their efforts to make Washington as free from unhealthful conditions as possible.

SENATOR KNOX ORATOR AT YALE COMMENCEMENT

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 28.—United States Senator Knox of Pennsylvania, former Attorney General, has accepted an invitation to be commencement orator before the Yale Law School in June. Mr. Knox's son, Hugh S. Knox, and his nephew, William P. Knox, are members of the senior class in Yale. The former is manager of the football team and the latter a halfback.

"I Had a Cough That Friends Feared Would End My Life. I Took Pe-ru-na And Am Well."



MRS. GRACE JAN ON

Mrs. Grace Janson, 1469 Madison street, Chicago, Ill., writes: "Typhoid fever left me with a complication of diseases. I had a terrible pain in my left side and had a cough that all my friends feared would soon end my life."

"My doctor came to see me three times a week, but could do me no good. He could not account for the pain in my left side and could give me nothing to relieve me."

"About this time I began taking Peruna and before I had taken one bottle I had hopes of getting better. By the time I had taken the second bottle, my cough was entirely gone and I felt like a new being."

"I took just three bottles of Peruna and am entirely well and feel better than I have felt for years. I thank God and Dr. Hartman for my recovery."

MANY cases of chronic catarrh result from a settled cold.

Women are especially liable to colds. These colds occur more frequently during the wet, sloppy weather of winter and spring than any other time of the year. Often

they are not considered serious and are allowed to run on, or they are treated in such a way as to only palliate the symptoms, while the cold becomes more deep-seated and the patient finally awakens to the fact that she has a well-developed case of catarrh.

By reason of their delicate structure the lungs are frequently the seat of a cold, especially if there is the slightest weakness of these organs. The treatment of catarrh of the lungs is also more difficult and discouraging than that of any other organ of the body.

It would be wise, therefore, to guard against it by every precaution possible. Peruna has been found a most reliable remedy for coughs, colds, and catarrhal diseases, by reason of the fact that it gets at once to the very seat of the trouble.

One Bottle Brings Relief. Mrs. Annie Huelsman, R. R. 2, Wright City, Mo., writes: "For years I was troubled with catarrh. A friend advised Peruna. With the first bottle I found relief. I kept on taking it and am entirely well."

Ask Your Druggist for Free Peruna Almanac for 1907

These Prosperous Times



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